FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE

Consistent with the federal Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) of 1993 as amended, the Board of Education recognizes the right of eligible employees to unpaid, job protected family and medical leave for up to twelve (12) workweeks during any twelve (12) month period. The Board shall ensure that all eligible employees who use such leave shall have their health benefits continued and shall be returned to an equivalent position according to established Board practices, policies and collective bargaining agreements.

To be eligible for FMLA an employee must have been employed for at least twelve months and have worked at least 1,250 hours during the prior twelve months.

FMLA leave shall be granted for the following reasons:

- 1. the birth and care of a newborn child of the employee;
- 2. the adoption or foster placement of a child;
- 3. to care for an employee's spouse, parent, or son or daughter with a serious health condition;
- 4. due to a serious health condition that makes the employee unable to perform the essential functions of the employee's job;
- 5. for a qualifying exigency as defined in law and regulation, arising out of the fact that the spouse, son, daughter, or parent of the employee is on active duty (or has been notified of an impending call or order to active duty).

An eligible employee who is the spouse, son, daughter, parent, or next of kin of a covered service member is entitled to a total of 26 workweeks of unpaid, job protected leave in a single 12-month period to care for the service member who is seriously ill or injured in the line of duty.

Any eligible employee taking a family or medical leave under this policy shall be required to use available accrued paid vacation, personal, family or sick leave for purposes of either a medical or family leave. This accrued paid leave shall run concurrently with the 12 week family or medical leave and not serve to extend the 12 week family or medical leave periods.

The employee shall notify the district of his/her request for leave, if foreseeable, at least 30 days prior to the date when the leave is to begin. If such leave is not foreseeable then the employee shall give such notice as is practical. The district may require a certification from a health care provider if medical leave is requested. When an employee returns following a leave, he/she must be returned to the same or equivalent position of employment. The Superintendent of Schools or designee may reassign a teacher consistent with the teacher's agreement to a different grade level, building or other assignment consistent with the employee's certification and tenure area.

The Board shall ensure that FMLA is provided to all eligible employees, unless they are covered by a collective bargaining agreement which provides greater leave benefits than this Act.

The district shall post a notice prepared or approved by the Secretary of Labor stating the pertinent provisions of the Family and Medical Leave Act, including information concerning enforcement of the law.

Ref: 29 U.S.C. §§ 207, 2601, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2618, 2619.

29 CFR §§ 825.110, 825.309, 825.600, 825.603, 825.800.

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